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POLICE USE OF FORCE

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Images



durch den Matsch des | cken will. Mit einer Machtdemonstration | zuvor noch 25 Bau

gegnung der unangenehmen Art: Polizisten in Kampfmontur führen einen Protestierer ab.





Illegitimate Use of Force

Situations and Standard Explanations
Typology of Violence
Confrontational tension, Escalation
and Violence

Standard Explanations

- Personality
- Broken Home
- Biographies of violent offenders
- Discrimination/ migrant background
- Masculinity/ Male Violence
- "The Society": Desintegration, Individualization, Modernization

Violence: Differences

Typology: Situations of Violence (Collins)

Violence as Entertainment

Ritual and Rules: Martial Arts Confrontations

Incompetent Violence

Attacking the Weak

Violence: Enjoy!

Stage, Sports et cetera

Methodology

- Technology of recording (digicams)
- In combination with skill of "analyst's view"
- Recordings
- Reconstructions
- Observation
- Best findings: combination of methods

Police Violence

- "Police violence... is like other kinds of violence"..."...most of the people avoid violence." (Randall Collins)
- Use of Force (US Studies): 5-8%
- Excessive Use of Force: less than 2%

Code (Wall) of Silence

- Loyalty
- Isolation
- Consequences of Whistle blowing for colleague(s)
- Police is a professional culture based on secrecy and keeping of secrets
- Transparency in case of abuse
- Inside/Outside?

Control/ reduction of illegitimate use of force by police officers

- Transparency without dobbing in (treason)
- "Secrecy"/Isolation results in WoS
- Tranparency is prevention of violence
- Delagation of reporting; letters to superiors: "We feel obliged to inform you about an incident…"
- H. Omer: Ecology of Violence is changed